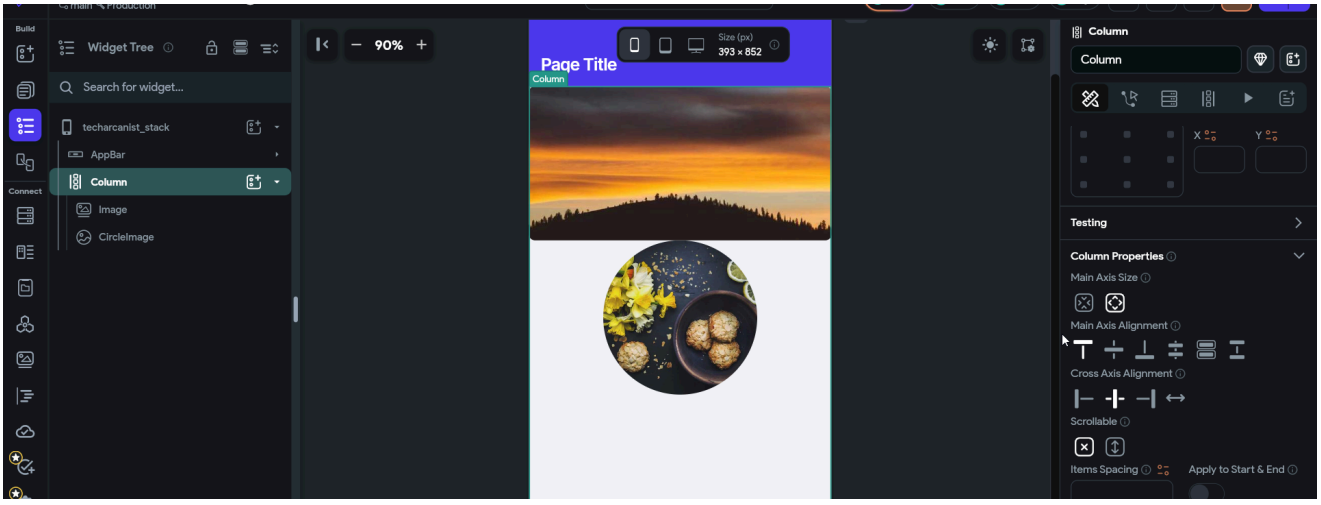
Using Stack to Overlap Widgets in FlutterFlow

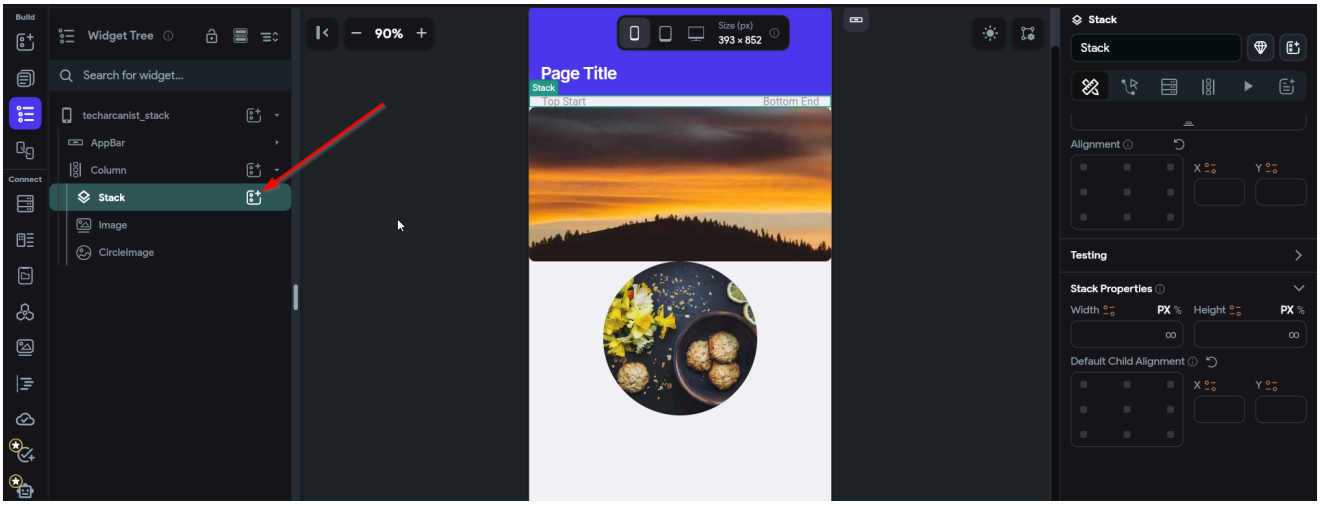
Now we will learn how to **place one widget on top of another**, such as placing a **small circular image over a bigger image**.
For this purpose, we use the **Stack** widget.

Step 1: Why Stack is Needed



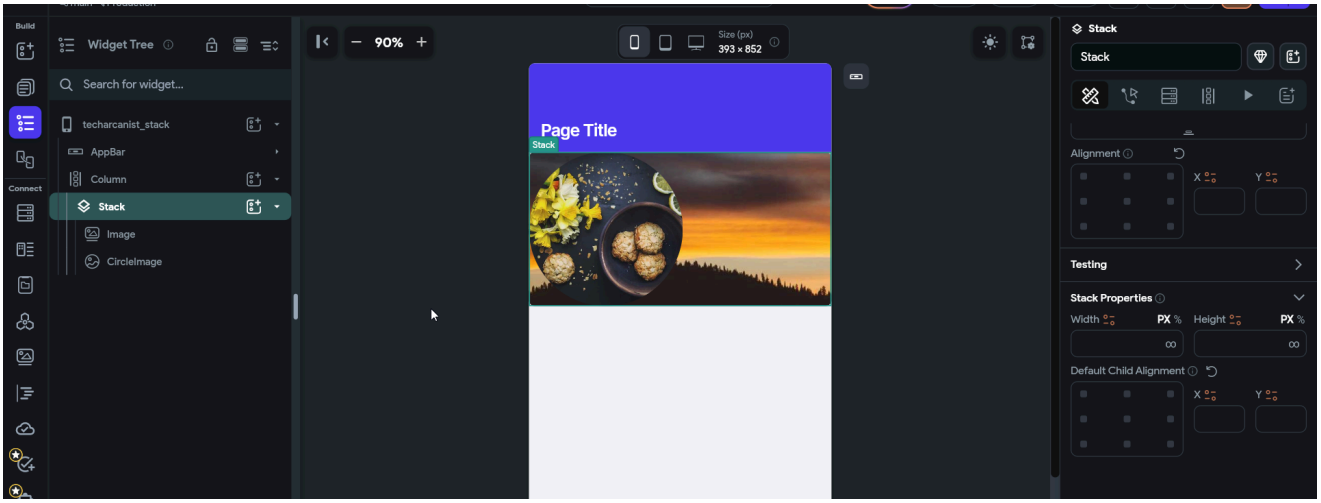
Here, we want to place a **second circular image on top of a bigger image**.
This cannot be done using Row or Column.
To overlap widgets, we use a **Stack**.

Step 2: Add Stack Widget



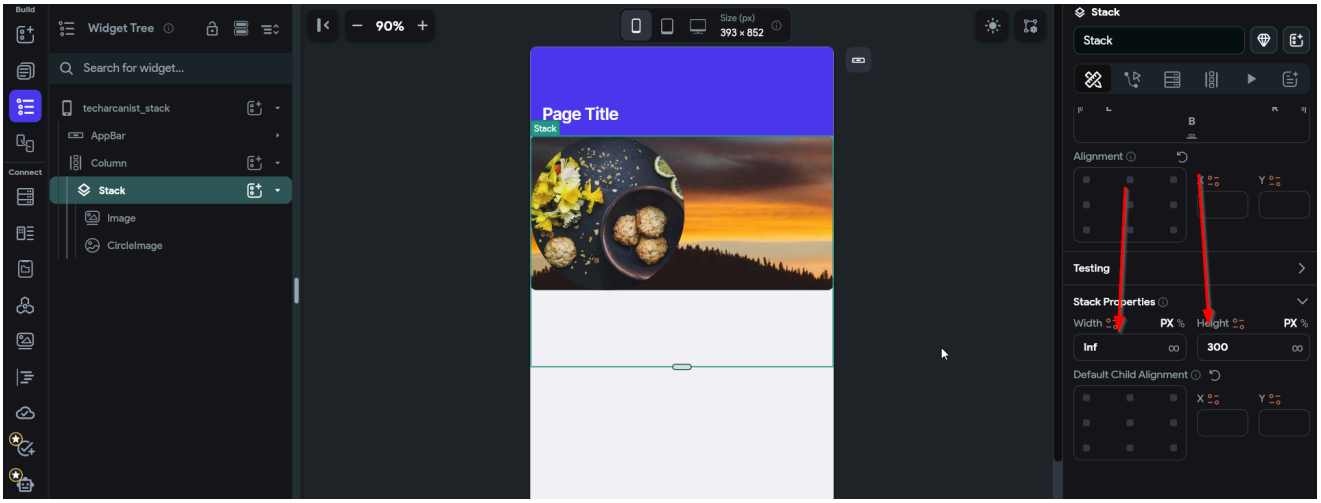
Add a **Stack** widget and then **drag and drop images inside it**.

Step 3: Widgets Overlap



Once both images are inside the stack, they are placed **on top of each other**.

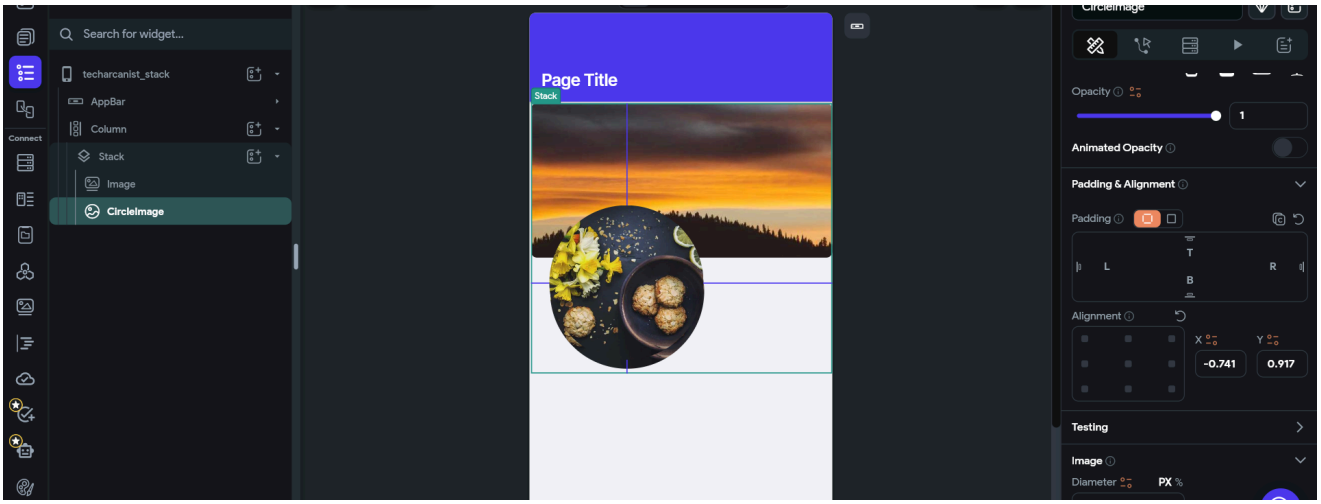
Step 4: Set Stack Size



Set the **Height and Width** of the stack (for example, height = 300).
Now, when you drag the circular image:

- It will move **only inside the stack boundary**
- It cannot go outside the defined height and width

Step 5: Stack Boundary Visualization



As you can see, the stack clearly shows the **limits** within which widgets can be placed. Anything dragged outside these limits will be **cut off or hidden**.
